Trends in the prenatal diagnostics of the Down syndrome in the Czech Republic: Can we find the association with the maternal age?

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http://www.vrozene-vady.cz/



Czech Republic - Present State

Registry: Population based (whole area of the Czech Republic, 100.000 annual births).

Law: The registration is compulsory, required by the Internal Law of Ministry of Health (nr. 14/2001). The database is run by the Institute of Health Information and Statistics of the Czech Republic. Additional data on prenatally diagnosed cases are collected thanks to the country-wide cooperation.

Cases: All cases in TOPs, live births and stillbirths are reported.

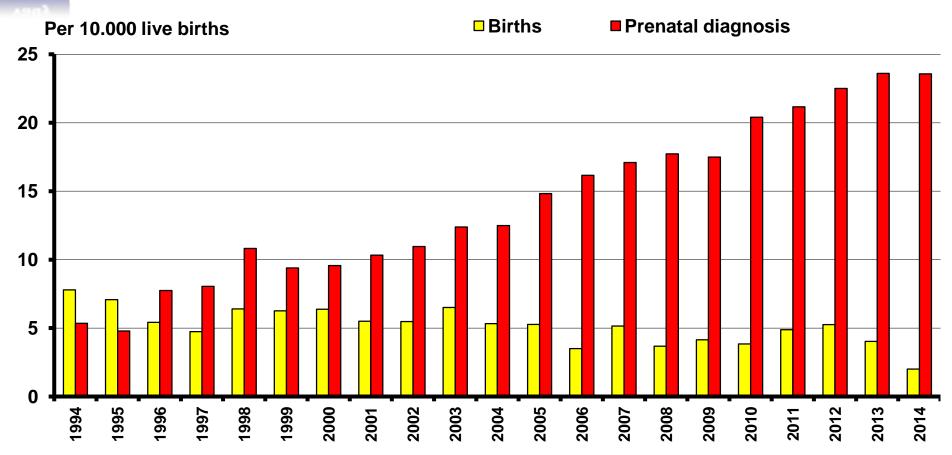
Coding: ICD-10 (international), no verbal description.

Sources: Multiple sources, including departments of medical genetics, genetic laboratories, pediatric and neonatology departments, delivery units, ultrasound diagnostics departments etc.

Termination of Pregnancy: Legal, up to the 24th week of gestation.



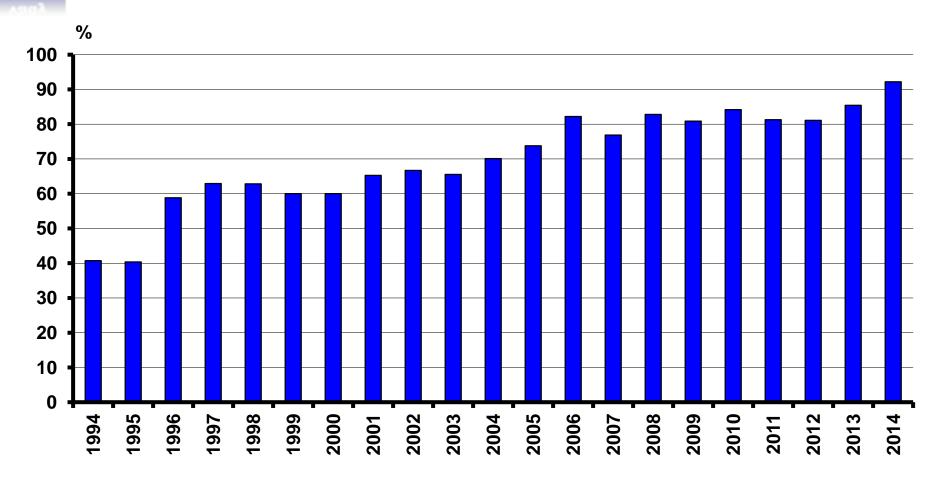
Down syndrome



Down syndrome - All cases in live births and TOPFAs



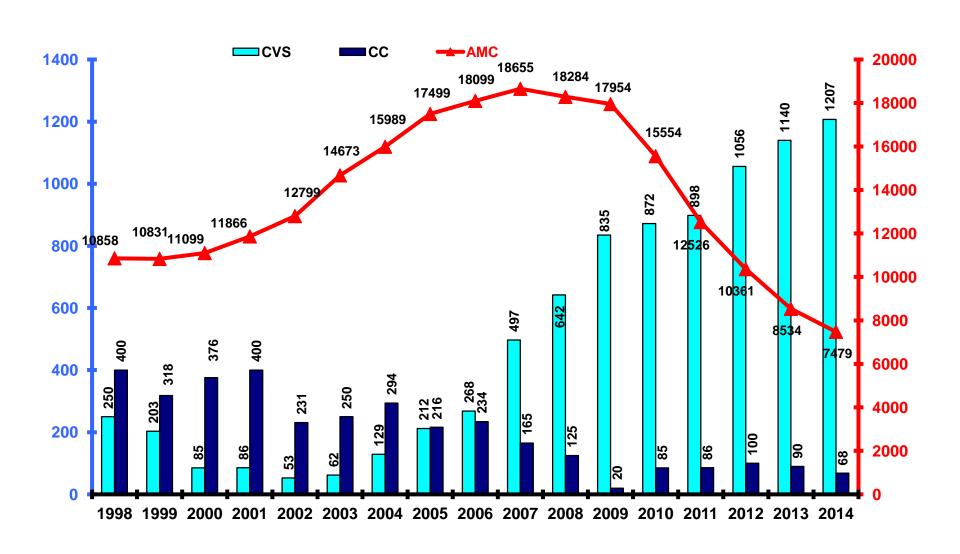
Down syndrome



Down syndrome - relative number of TOPFAs (%)

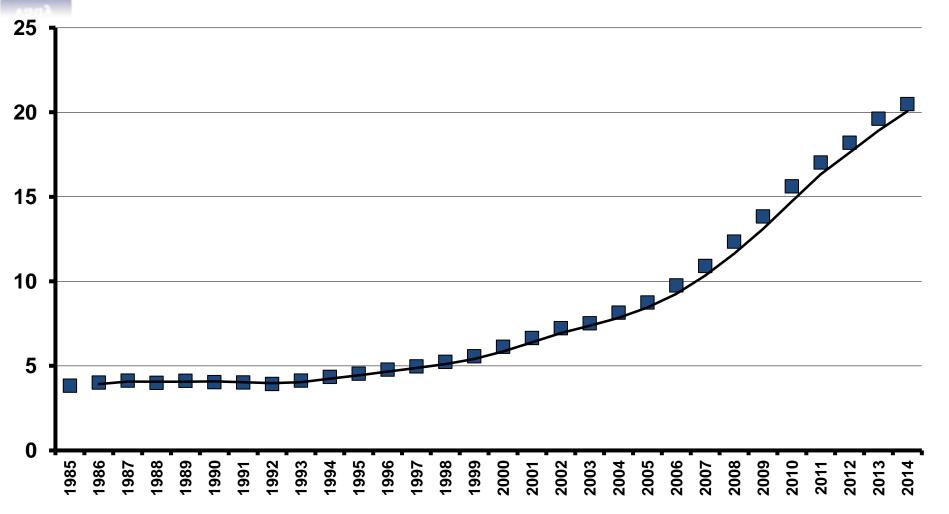


Invasive prenatal diagnosis





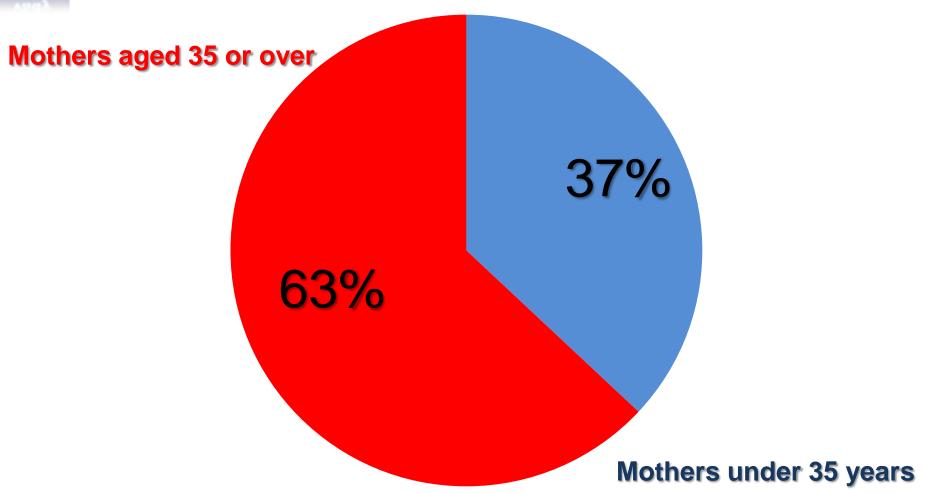
Maternal age – Time trends



Proportion of mothers aged 35 years or over



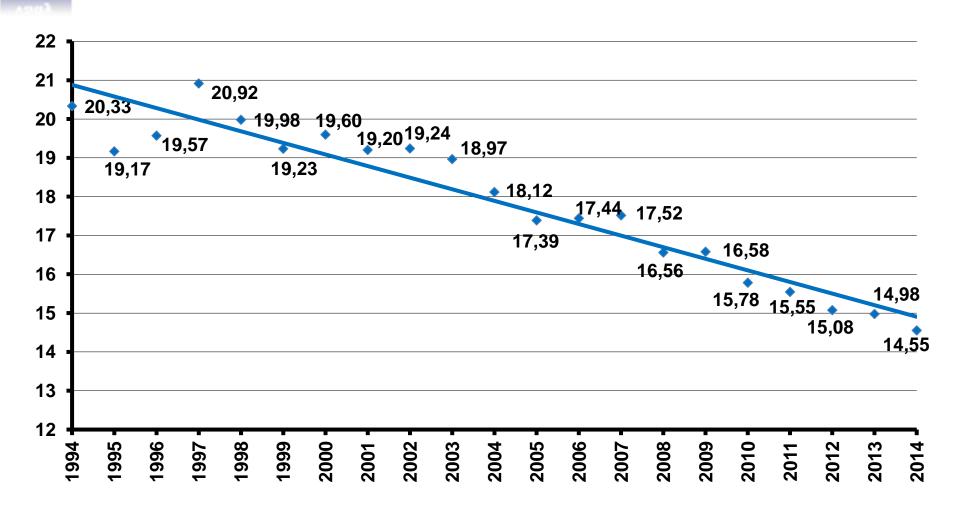
Down syndrome (2014)



Down syndrome cases (all) according to the maternal age



Time of diagnosis

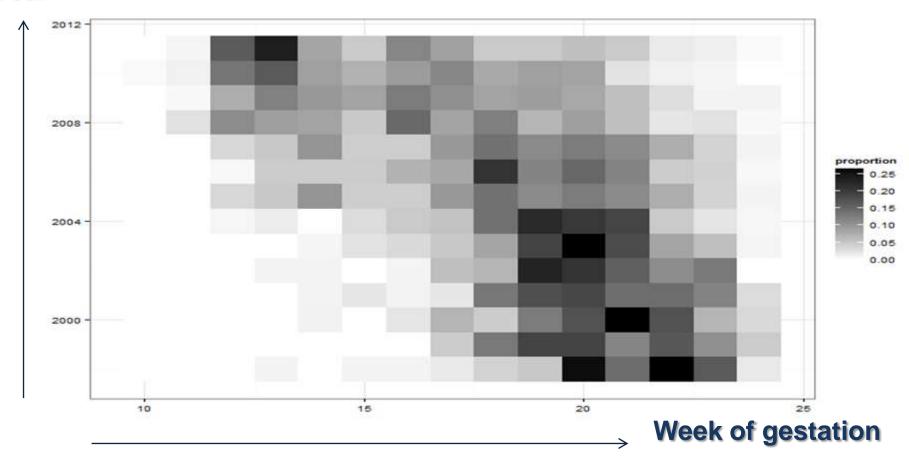


Average week of gestation at diagnosis of Down syndrome



Down syndrome - Diagnostics

Year

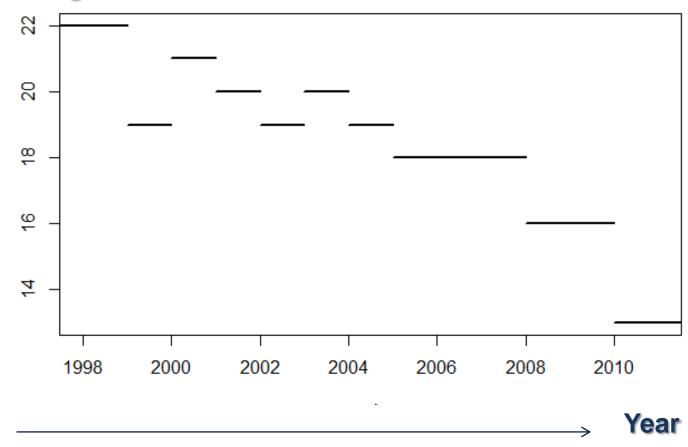


Time trends – most common week of Down syndrome diagnosis



Down syndrome - Diagnostics

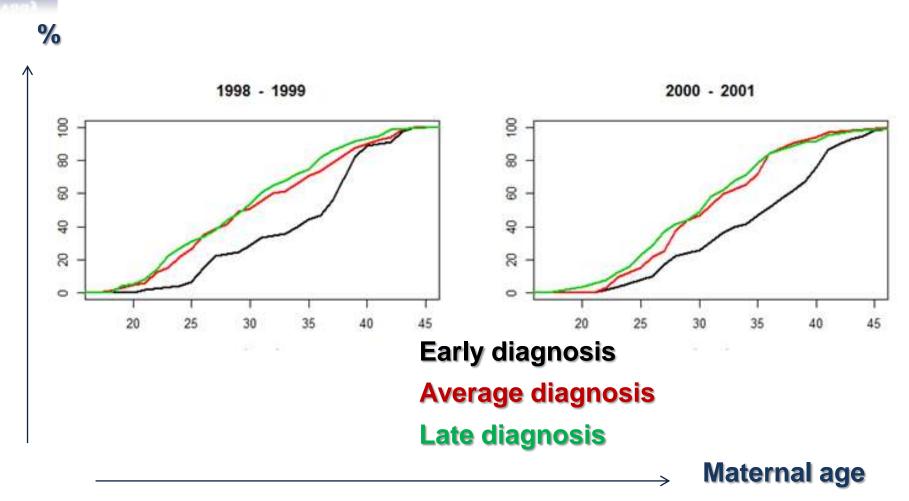
Week of gestation



Time trends – most common week of Down syndrome diagnosis



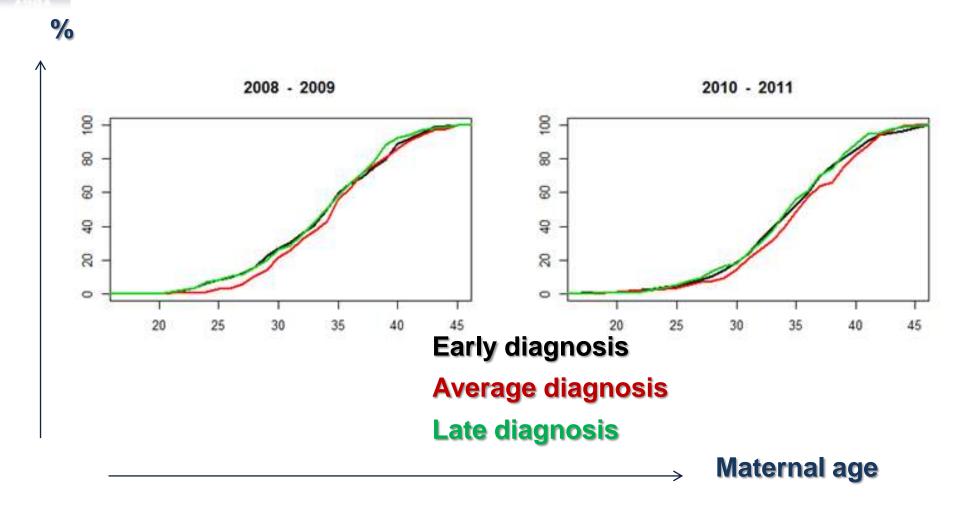
Down syndrome – 1998-2001



Time trends – Early vs. Late diagnosis regarding the maternal age



Down syndrome – 2008-2011



Time trends - Early vs. Late diagnosis regarding the maternal age



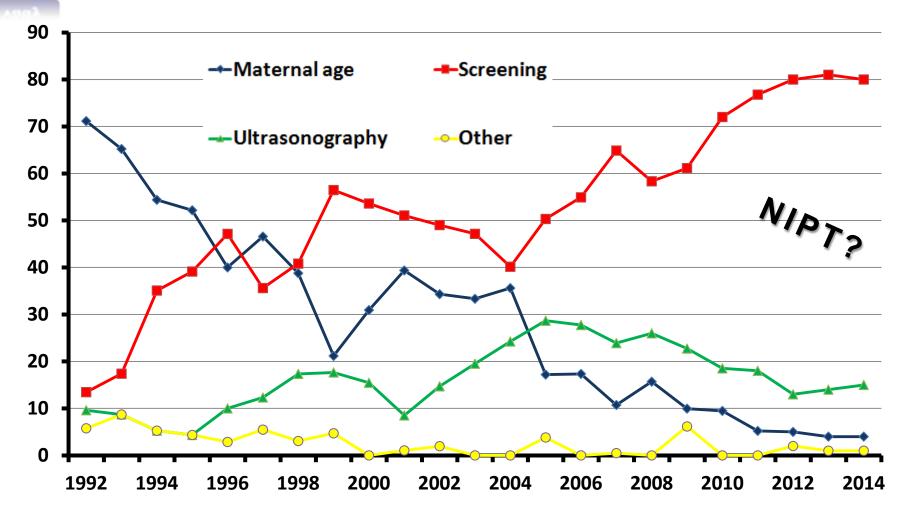
What is the significance?

Years	EVSA	AVSL	EVSL
1998-1999	0.039	0.985	0.002
2000-2001	0.025	0.902	0.001
2002-2003	0.083	0.586	0.038
2004-2005	0.827	1.000	0.996
2006-2007	0.103	0.809	0.725
2008-2009	0.792	0.766	0.605
2010-2011	0.412	0.736	1.000

p values computed using nonparametric Kolmogorov.Smirnov test



The role of screening



Changing role of screening programs in prenatal diagnosis



Conclusions

- The indication criteria for the invasive prenatal diagnosis are changing.
- 2. The average maternal age is notably increasing.
- The early prenatal diagnosis (during the first trimester of gravidity) is becoming much more important.
- 4. There are no significant changes in the timing of the diagnosis among younger and eder mothers.
- 5. However, this trend was visible some 10 years ago.
- 6. May we see it in the future again?



Acknowledgements

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Thank you for your attention!



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